

GRAND BARGAIN AND CHARTER FOR CHANGE

■ GB commitment (Istanbul, May 2016) is an outcome of 2014 to 2016 World Humanitarian Summit (WHS) process as conducted by UN in worldwide, the commitments has signed by all most all UN agencies and INGOs.



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Charter 4 Change (C4C) is the commitment singed by 31 INGOs and endorsed by all most all local / national NGOs which have had prepared duding 2015 in view of the WHS process.



MISSION RECOMMENDATIONS; FOR INSTITUTIONAL AND BILATERAL DONOR AGENCIES.

- i. Support leadership with capacity and good practices
- ii. Providing minimum percentage of overhead costs
- iii. Increase unremarked and multi year humanitarian assistance direct or direct as possible to local and national actors.
- iv. Work with Government of Bangladesh and UNRC to provide opportunities to local and national actors / civil society in decision making in humanitarian actions.

MISSION RECOMMENDATIONS; FOR UN AGENCIES AND INTERNATIONAL NGOS

- i. Strengthen data and awareness on localization goals and progress.
- ii. Drawing on the core humanitarian standard (CHS), development of ethical human resource recruitment principles or practices or minimum standards.
- iii. Development and supporting for mutual capacity building system. (Learning by doing approach, buddy system, ensure access to platforms and networks, increased participation and leadership of local and national actors).



MISSION RECOMMENDATIONS; FOR UN AGENCIES AND INTERNATIONAL NGOS



- iv. Putting in place more flexible, contextualized, and inclusive coordination system.
- v. Improved access to and engagement with the humanitarian donor architecture.
- vi. Support for facilitated reporting / reviews.
- vii. Fostering the engagement of women.

MISSION RECOMMENDATIONS:

Local and national actors

- Local and national humanitarian actors work with smaller community based organizations (CBO)s.
- ii. Use existing network to come up with a common definition of local and national actors and agree on ways of how to better collaborate.

For government

GoB to identify opportunities to strengthen local and national leadership in humanitarian action, including the enabling role of the NGOAB with reference to civil societies.

CCNF RECOMMENDATIONS IN VIEW OF "THE GRAND BARGAIN – A SHARED COMMITMENT TO BETTER SERVE PEOPLE IN NEED." (ISTANBUL, MAY 2016)

Stream 1: Greater Transparency

- i. Full aid transparency in public in view of IATI principles, especially in field operation cost, management cost, expatriate cost and partnership cost.
- ii. Support partners and others on making public of aid data and how to get feedback continuously for improvements.

Stream 2: More support and funding tools for local and national responders.

- i. Follow localization mission recommendations.
- ii. Rohingya relief and pooled fund for local and national actors.
- iii. UNHCR, IoM, and UNICEF should have NGO CSO capacity development unit in Cox's Bazar.
- iv. WFP should take measures may be in production level how to produce and procure food from local level.

Stream 3: Increase the use and coordination of cash – based programming.

i. More government flexibility is required.

CCNF RECOMMENDATIONS IN VIEW OF "THE GRAND BARGAIN – A SHARED COMMITMENT TO BETTER SERVE PEOPLE IN NEED." (ISTANBUL, MAY 2016)

Stream 4: Reduce duplication and management costs with periodic functional reviews.

- i. Aid transparency in public so that there will be ideas from all corner on how to proceed for reducing transaction cost with more effectivity.
- ii. Introduction of green and sustainable energy.
- iii. Comparable cost structure of UN agencies and NGOs.
- iv. Shared in common logistics and common services, e.g., vehicles and fleet management.



Stream 4: Reduce duplication and management costs with periodic functional reviews.

- v. Make joint regular functional monitoring and performance review, reduce individual donor / INGO assessments etc.
- vi. Make JRP a live document, continuous try out to reduce transaction cost.
- vii. Reduce own organizational operational structure by UN agencies and INGOs, go for more partnership with local / national NGOs, CSOs and local governments.
- viii. Define capacity and development efforts in view of local perspective.



CCNF RECOMMENDATIONS IN VIEW OF "THE GRAND BARGAIN – A SHARED COMMITMENT TO BETTER SERVE PEOPLE IN NEED." (ISTANBUL, MAY 2016)

Steam 5: Reduce joint and impartial needs assessments.

Stream 6: A participation revolution: include people receiving aid in making the decisions which affect their lives.

- Code of conduct for all UN agency and INGO staff in view of human right principles and mutual dignity.
- ii. Open and transparent complain response mechanism especially with the access to the women and girls of Rohingya refugees.
- iii. All communication in Coxsbazar and Coxsbazar to field must be in Bangla, all meeting in Coxsbazar should be in a specific day of the week, all minutes should be written in Bangla and available in website for all.

Stream 6: A participation revolution: include people receiving aid in making the decisions which affect their lives.

- iv. A partnership policy should be prepared by all UN agencies and INGOs based on criteria and to develop sustainable NGOs / CSOs sector in locality which should be in practice in transparent and competitive manner.
- v. Devise mechanism on participation of local governments, district and upazila officials in the ISCG / coordination process.
- vi. Invest and support local NGOs to take leadership position in different ISCG sectoral groups.

CCNF RECOMMENDATIONS IN VIEW OF "THE GRAND BARGAIN – A SHARED COMMITMENT TO BETTER SERVE PEOPLE IN NEED." (ISTANBUL, MAY 2016)

Stream 7: Increase collaborative humanitarian multiyear planning and funding's.

- No more 3/6/12 months funding, it should be at least 3 year funding commitments from UN agencies and INGOs irrespective of NGOAB process.
- Overhead cost / management fee for long term institutional development of the Local and national NGOs.

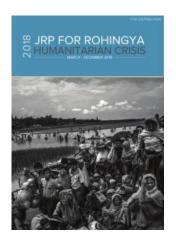
Stream 8: Reduce the earmarking of donor contributions.

Stream 9 : Harmonize and simplify reporting requirements

 Preparing a common, simple and result oriented framework based on capacity of local actors.

Stream 10. Enhance engagement between humanitarian and development actors.

 JRP 2019 should give emphasize on this nexus toward building sustainable peace.



PROPOSAL FOR JRP 2019: GRAND BARGAIN / LOCALIZATION IS AN ONLY ONE STRATEGY AMONG 22 RESPONSE STRATEGIES.

- All agencies / INGOs should spend minimum 50 % of aid through local CSO/NGOs and local governments.
- Agencies / INGOs especially UNHCR, UNICEF and IoM should establish small section on local CSO/NGO and LG capacity development.



PROPOSAL FOR JRP 2019: GRAND BARGAIN / LOCALIZATION IS AN ONLY ONE STRATEGY AMONG 22 RESPONSE STRATEGIES.

- Web portal development on aid transparency for public. Need to train all actors on this especially proceeding toward reducing transaction cost on regular basis.
- A sector or committee in ISCG in Cxb level on GB and Localization with regular meeting for review and improvisation.
- Gradual reduction of expatriate involvement by all agencies / INGOs.



PROPOSAL FOR JRP 2019: GRAND BARGAIN / LOCALIZATION IS AN ONLY ONE STRATEGY AMONG 22 RESPONSE STRATEGIES.



- A committee in ISCG Cxb level to develop a ethical recruitment and a salary frame work for both agencies and NGOs.
- Introduction of Bangla in Cxb and in field level communication. All expatriate should be trained on Bangla and local culture during induction. Fixing one weekly meeting day in Cxb level.
- A try or test to initiate common transport unit, sharing ride by all agencies/INGOs.
- Allocation to the affected people suffered by afforestation.
- JRP 2019 should be shared specially with district and local administration and local leaders.

WHAT IS THE PLAN FOR POSSIBLE RECUPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT PLANNING FOR TOTAL COX'S BAZAR

- How to recuperate loss of natural resources, like forest, water and land.
- Rohingya refuges are already spread in town and also in different sub districts of Cox's Bazar.
- Why not there should be long term economic and employment opportunity and related infrastructure development planning for Cox's Bazar.



