

Core Humanitarian
STANDARD

CHS



The CHS: is these appropriate for
Both international and national actors?

Why and Why Not

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Interesting Indeed ???

But I need to tell about COAST involvement

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- 6 years in HAP governance
 - Certified two times
 - Involved in CHS development as a technical committee member
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Interesting Indeed ???

But I need to tell about COAST involvement



- In Bangladesh facilitated inclusive process of translation and multiplication.
- Two year long process of translation, validation and launching,
- Aiming to make aware and to motivate to implement.
- But, experience are different, observation in Cyclone Roanu (May 2016, Bangladesh) relief and rehabilitation work

Why COAST have internalized it

Self-motivation and for

- Mutual accountability
- Respect from all level
- Front line and public monitoring
- Community and front line take responsibility
- Low level of risk
- People centered but staff managed
- Visible Outcome



COMPLAINT DESK



Reward and recognition are secondary

Experiences on cyclone Roanu (May 2016) relief rehabilitation work

After "survival food package" distribution, we start talk with community especially with women, elderly people, children and population living in remote area, basically with two major objectives

- To make the activities need based
- To avoid duplication of resources.



Experiences on cyclone Roanu (May 2016) relief rehabilitation work

We found that, involved with water sanitation (e.g., cleaned water supply through machines, renovation of tub wells, increase surface water preservation through pond reaccavation, desalinization of pond, dress and book supply to the children, created cube surrounding tub wells to facilitate women to use those, reconstruct high raised toilets) and



Experiences on cyclone Roanu (May 2016) relief rehabilitation work

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Call for sustainable embankment in Kutubdia

Staff Correspondent

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Speakers at a seminar urged the government to ensure accountability of Water Development Board (WDB) for construction of sustainable embankment in Kutubdia. Green Belt Trust, Kutubdia Urmayan Forum, Kutubdia and COAST Trust.



THE ASIAN AGE

Erect dams to protect coastal people: 35 MPs -The Asian Age

Members of Parliament from the country's coastal areas yesterday stressed the need for erecting embankments to protect the coastal people, their land and livelihood instead of providing them with relief. This is also the core demand of the people living along the coast, they said in a roundtable discussion jointly organized by the Parliamentary Standing Committee on the Environment and Forests Ministry and COAST Trust in the conference room of Parliament Media Centre.

Around 35 MPs from the coastal belt attended the discussion titled "Climate Change Impact, Recent Cyclone and Save Coast" chaired by the parliamentary watchdog chairman Dr Hasan Mahraad. Water Resources Minister Barrister Anisul Islam Mahmud was the chief guest. Climate expert Dr Atiq Raberan, AKM Shafiqul Karim, MP, Talukdar Abdul Khalek, KM Jahangir Hossain, MP, Ashik Ullah MP, Nuruzabi Chowdhury, MP, Tapsu Sultan, Shireenoddola of CPRD and Arzina Rasool Bahal of Urmayan Forum Trust, among others, took part in the discussion while Razatul Karim Chowdhury of COAST Trust presented the keynote paper. Barrister Anisul Islam Mahmud said like the Netherlands, Bangladesh

can also save its coastal land. "Our coastal lands are not under sea level, rather those are above the sea level," he said. The government cannot shirk the job with its limited resources, he said, adding that development partners need to come forward with resources and technology in this regard. In his keynote presentation, Razatul Karim Chowdhury of COAST Trust said almost all coastal districts will go under water by the next 50 to 100 years due to climate change impacts. "There're technologies through which the coastal areas could be saved. But it needs huge investments and political will," Tapsu Sultan said. "If the coastal lands aren't protected, we'll not be able to sustain our food self-sufficiency." Ashik Ullah said the Water Development Board must sit with coastal MPs to prepare planning and projects in this regard.

AKM Shafiqul Karim said all the coastal MPs must approach Prime Minister Sheikh Hasina for special allocation and planning for the coastal areas.

- local to national level advocacy (e.g., four rally in local and district level to demand immediate embankment constructions to protect people from monsoon tidal surge in each fortnight, organized parliamentary caucus in parliament with Member of Parliaments and Ministers during budget session, organize multi stakeholder consultation in grass root to promote public participatory monitoring during embankment construction.)

Experiences on cyclone Roanu (May 2016) relief rehabilitation work

- Ironically we hardly see any INGO and local / NGO has involved in such crucial humanitarian service delivery like water and sanitation, mostly of them overwhelmed with “cash distribution” and no one involved with humanitarian advocacy. Our analysis of WHY in this regard.
- INGOs head quarter might does not have any CHS multiplication (role out) plan for their country offices,
- Little of agency wise system on continuous and consistent “trial, error and strive for excellence” on CHS,

Experiences on cyclone Roanu (May 2016) relief rehabilitation work

- Little on anything for partners in this regard, little of competition, mostly repetition of “sub-contracting approaches rather than partnership approach” mostly overwhelmed with humanitarian service delivery.
- Little of no pressure or no review and reward from core donors like UKAID, ECHO, SIDA, NORAD and DANIDA.
- Little of investment in demand side (ie, humanitarian victims and local and national NGOs are demanding Accountability / CHS) creation from front line / grass root.



It is not the question of appropriateness it is the question on operationalization of principles on our existence



- **WHY:** we exist for poor / humanitarian victims, so there is a question of mutual accountability put them in place of decision making power.
- **WHAT:** ultimate aim is to create environment that the state and the community will take responsibility own selves.

So here it is the matter of ...



- Commitment, investment and multiplication process up to front line with trial and error process.
- Competition policy among the partners based on internalization.
- Core donor provide funding based on assessment of CHS multiplication and
- Investment in respect of creating demand side of CHS.

Changes I propose



CHS Alliance

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- Annual reporting of membership in CHS on multiplication of CHS
 - Collection and dissemination of good practices and know how
 - Separate focal person in headquarter and separate allocation for CHS multiplication (role out)
 - Assessment by Core Donor on CHS multiplication prior to funding
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