

Summary presentation on Different writers from BIMSTEC Countries

Bay of Bengal Initiative for Multi-Sectoral Technical Economic Cooperation

- ✓ A group of countries in South Asia and South East Asia established in 1997
- ✓ Aiming to set the multi-sectoral connectivity among the countries.
- ✓ Brings 1.56 billion people (2015) (22% of world population)
- ✓ Combined GDP is over \$2.8 trillion (2014)



Member Countries

Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, Myanmar, Nepal, Sri Lanka and Thailand



Bangladesh

Area: 147,610 km²

Population: 163 million

GDP: Total-\$ 687 billion and per capita-\$4,000

Major resources: Natural gas, arable land timber, coal



Opportunities by BIMSTEC for Bangladesh

- ✓ Maritime port facilities especially Chittagong port as this is near to India, Nepal and Bhutan
- ✓ Land based integration between Southeast and South Asia
- ✓ Development of functional zone of the Bay of Bengal
- ✓ Trading with neighboring countries like India and Myanmar



Bhutan

✓ **Area:** 38,394 km²

✓ **Population:** 0.74 million

✓ GDP: National-\$6.5 billion, per capita-\$8000

✓ Major resources: Timber, hydro power, gypsum calcium carbonate



Opportunities by BIMSTEC for Bhutan

- ✓ Can be established BIMSTEC Tourism center
- ✓ Bhutan can lead the cultural cooperation sector
- ✓ Can use the ports of India and Bangladesh
- ✓ Development of Trading facilities as India, Bangladesh and Thailand are among the top trading countries



India

✓ **Area:** 3,287,263 km²

✓ Population: 1.3 billion

✓ GDP: National-\$2.5 trillion, per capita-\$ 1850

✓ Major resources: Coal, chromite, natural gas, diamonds, petroleum, lime stone, arable land



Opportunities by BIMSTEC for India

✓ Recent development of multi-model connectivity particularly India, Bangladesh and Sri Lanka

✓ Motor vehicle agreement among Bangladesh, Bhutan, India and Nepal

✓ Initiated dialogue to set Mekong-Ganga basin for getting connectivity among Myanmar, Thailand, Cambodia, Laos and Vietnam

✓ Can be possible for free trade agreements among the countries

Nepal

✓ Area: 147,181 km²

✓ Population: 26.5 million

✓ GDP: National-\$74 billion, per capita-\$2573

✓ Major resources: Quartz, water, timber, hydropower, scenic

beauty



Opportunities by BIMSTEC for Nepal

- ✓ Can import marine products from other BIMSTEC member countries
- ✓ Can use the Bay for international trade with low costs
- ✓ Scope of ecotourism
- ✓ Nepal can use Kolkata and Haldia sea ports in India
- ✓ Power Trade Agreement between Nepal and India



Sri Lanka

- ✓ Area: 65,610 km²
- ✓ Population: 20 million
- ✓ GDP: National-\$84 billion, per capita-\$ 3927
- ✓ Major resources: Lime =stone, graphite, mineral sands, hydropower



Opportunities by BIMSTEC for Sri Lanka

Have increased to market access with other BIMSTEC member countries



Thailand

✓ Area: 513,120 km2

✓ Population: 68 million

✓ GDP: National-\$1.2 trillion, per capita-\$ 16706

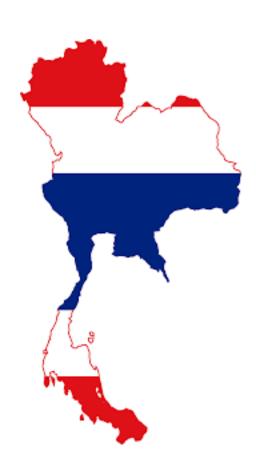
✓ Major resources: Tin, rubber, natural gas, timber,

lead, fish



Opportunities by BIMSTEC for Thailand

- ✓ Tourism and fisheries are contributing to the economy of the region
- ✓ Engaged other BIMATEC member countries' efforts on sustainable coastal management
- ✓ Lesson for other to manage the mangrove forests and the sea line.



Challenges:

- ✓ Lack of political will from the governments of the countries
- ✓ Lack of institutional and regulatory connectivity and harmonization
- ✓ Socio political and security issue
- ✓ Capacity and economic gaps among the countries
- ✓ Over population trends to over exploitation of resources of the Bay due to lack of knowledge



Recommendations

- ✓ Increasing the inter-governmental cooperation among the member countries
- ✓ Harmonizing relevant regulations like traffic, vehicle, pollution norms etc.
- ✓ Running the political and diplomatic negotiations
- ✓ BIMSTEC member countries should translate its high population into human resources





Thank you