



Rohingyas are not Bangalese, they are from Arakan or Rakhaine state

Who are the Rohingya?

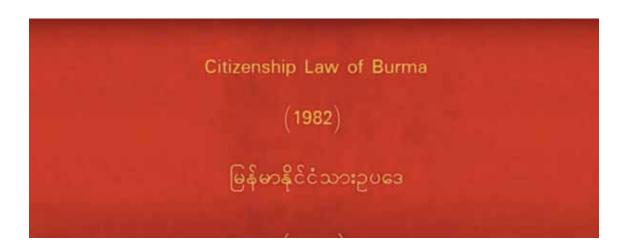
- Arakan was independent and sovereign kingdom for centuries
- It was an independent kingdom between Southeast Asia and the Indian subcontinent
- Burmese intruded Arakan and occupied
- Arakan again become independent
- Again Occupied during the British era

Forceful eviction of the Rohingya Community

Citizenship revoked and denied

After 1982

Ultra nationalist, Buddhism and Burmese



Chapter II

Citizenship

- Nationals such as the Kachin, Kayah, Karen, Chin, Burman, Mon, Rakhine or Shan and ethnic groups as have settled in any of the territories included within the State as their permanent home from a period prior to 1185 B.E., 1823 A.D. are Burma citizens.
- 4. The Council of State may decide whether any ethnic group is national or not.
- 5. Every national and every person born of parents, both of whom are nationals are any ethnic group is national or not.

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History of persecution

- 1785 (Arakan was over swept by the Bamar)
- 1799
- 1971
- 2012
- 2016
- 2017

80% of the Rohingya people are out of the country





Case in International Court of Justice- ICJ

- International Court of Justice
- Time process e.g. Russia vs.
 Myanmar.
- Financial crunch
- Also irony when international countries are investing in Myanmar!



WB to give \$400m loan, \$300m grant for Rohingya, hosts



Photo: Reuters, file; The Daily Star, 30.05.2024

- Bangladesh has done an incredible thing but is now in a challenge;
- Of the amount, \$407.50
 million is in the form of a loan
 and the remaining \$292.50
 million a grant;
- Loan in humanitarian response will create a wrong narrative

Flashback from a Survey in 2023

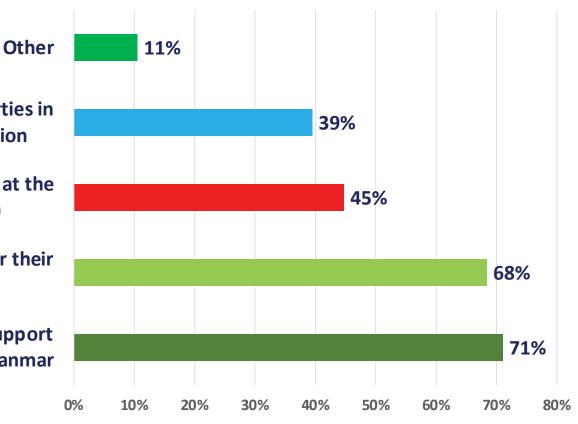
Do you think Rohingya community and their CSOs, both at home and abroad should- (multiple choice)?



Advocacy for speeding up trial process at the International Criminal Court (ICJ)

Upscale their lobby and movement for their repatriation

Produce firm credentials and campaign that support their citizenship and equal participation in Myanmar



Way forward

- Strengthen advocacy with the ASEAN Intergovernmental Commission on Human Rights.
- Advocacy with ASEAN Commission on the Promotion and Protection of the Rights of Women and Children.
- Create a safe zone guided by the UN.
- Linking them with the democratic movement, e.g. NUG, AA, PDF.
- Independence may not come through dialogue.
- Advocacy for Rohingya citizenship, Rights & dignified repatriation.
- Encourage the govt. of Bangladesh to recognize refugee rights or at least to provide access to education, incomegenerating activities, travel passes, bank accounts & prefabricated shelters.



