



Rohingya history and their persecution

The Muslim community is the Rohingya.



Rohingyas are not Bangalese, they are from Arakan or Rakhaine state

Who are the Rohingya?

- Arakan was independent and sovereign kingdom for centuries
- It was an independent kingdom between Southeast Asia and the Indian subcontinent
- Burmese intruded Arakan and occupied
- Arakan again become independent
- Again Occupied during the British era

Sufferings & slow genocide

Slow genocide started with

- Limiting access to Education
- Limiting Rights
- Restricting Movement
- Limiting Earning source
- Rape
- Arson, etc.





Remove the Rohingya, especially the Muslims

Citizenship revoked and denied

After 1982

Ultra nationalist, Buddhism and Burmese



Chapter II

Citizenship

- Nationals such as the Kachin, Kayah, Karen, Chin, Burman, Mon, Rakhine or Shan and ethnic groups as have settled in any of the territories included within the State as their permanent home from a period prior to 1185 B.E., 1823 A.D. are Burma citizens.
- The Council of State may decide whether any ethnic group is national or not.
- 5. Every national and aware parvan have of parents, both of whom are nationals are any enemed group is national, or not.

History of persecution

- 1785 (Arakan was over swept by the Bamar)
- 1799
- 1971
- 2012
- 2016
- 2017

80% of the Rohingya people are out of the country





Case in International Court of Justice- ICJ

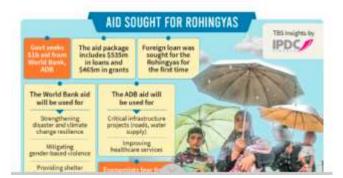
- International Court of Justice
- Time process e.g. Russia vs.
 Myanmar.
- Financial crunch
- Also irony when international countries are investing in Myanmar!



For the first time, Bangladesh seeks foreign loans to support Rohingyas

\$1 billion sought from WB and ADB - \$535 million in loans and \$465 million in grants





The Business Standard, 04.12.2023

Bangladesh has done an incredible thing but now in challenge

Funding shortfalls also forced WFP to cut its food vouchers from US\$ 12 to US\$ 8 per person per month in Cox's Bazar camps.

Way forward

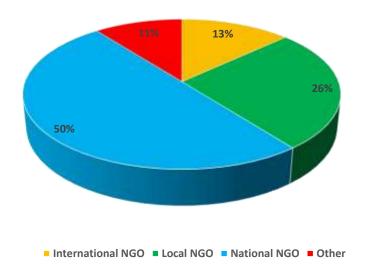
- Strengthen advocacy with ASEAN Intergovernmental Commission on Human Rights
- Advocacy with ASEAN Commission on the Promotion and Protection of the Rights of Women and Children.
- Linking them with the democratic movement, e.g. NUG, AA, PDF.
- Advocacy for Rohingya citizenship, Rights and dignified repatriation.



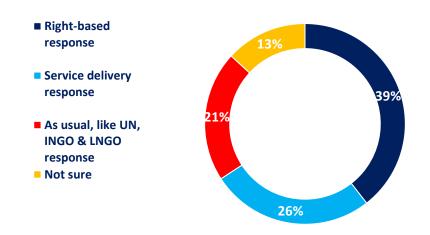
Strengthening Regional Responses to the Rohingya situation

Survey findings

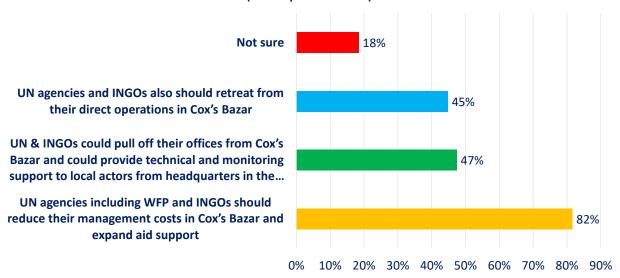
Types of NGO participated in the survey...



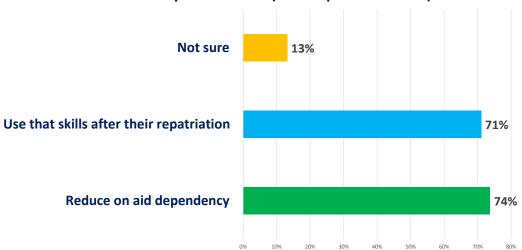
1. In your opinion, Rohingya response in Bangladesh should be like...



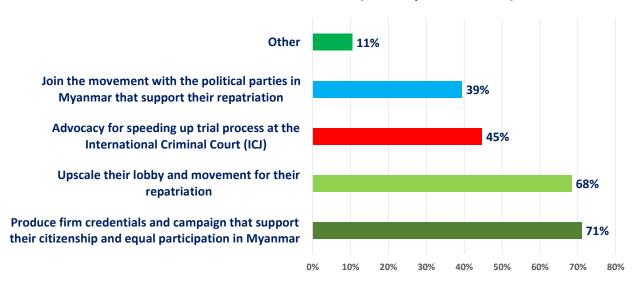
2. Funding shortfalls forced WFP to cut its food vouchers from US\$ 12 to US\$ 8 per person per month in Cox's Bazar camps. In your opinion what could be the possible options to remain with food support that previously stood at US\$ 12 (multiple choice).



3. Do you think Rohingya community should also be trained to develop their skills with the aim of gaining necessary skills to- (multiple choice)



4. Do you think Rohingya community and their CSOs, both at home and abroad should- (multiple choice)?



5. Do you consider Rohingya people in Cox's Bazar should have access to higher education until their safe repatriation?

